ABSTRACT

48\$1780 ())(&76 ,1 &2//,6,21\$/ (1(5*< 75\$16)(56,08/\$7('86,MIXED QUANTUM/CLASSICAL THEORY

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Mixed quantum/classical theory was used to study collisional energy transfer between the rotational states molecules with the focus on reproducing uantum effects related to this process Namely, the rotational energy transfer in the NO system was studied to replicate quantum interference effect observed cillations of cattering cross sectionas a function of collision energe oth MQCT code and the full-quantum code MOLSCAT were used for calculations, and results were in excellent agreement with the experiment and the full uantum infinite order sudden methodom literature The CO + CO system was used as a case study for diatom + diatom collistors, two CO molecules were reated as distinguishable in order to compresse Its with available full quantum couples states data Excellent agreement between the two methods was achieved. It was found that for tsong transitions with large cross sections, the results of MQCT are reliable, especially at higher collision energy. For weaker trapeotions w6Mnnnnn22(w7al11(gh